CANDIDATE PLEASE NOTE:

PRINT cour name on the line below and return this banklet with your answer sheet. Failure to do so may result to daugualification.

TEST CODE 02114010

**MAY/JUNE 2023** 

FORM TP 2023199

# CARIBBEAN EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

# CARIBBEAN ADVANCED PROFICIENCY EXAMINATION\*

# COMMUNICATION STUDIES

Paper 01

I hour 30 minutes

23 JUNE 2023 (a.m.)

### READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.

- This test consists of 45 items divided into two sections, A and B.
- Section A, based on a communication extract, consists of 7 questions. The extract, which is NOT included in the question booklet, will be read to you twice but you will be allowed two minutes to look at the questions before the extract is read to you.
- 3. Section B consists of 38 questions. Answer each question based on the information given.
- In addition to the test booklet, you should have an answer sheet.
- Each item in this test has four suggested answers lettered (A), (B), (C), (D). Read each item you
  are about to answer and decide which choice is best.
- On your answer sheet, find the number which corresponds to your item and shade the space having the same letter as the answer you have chosen. Look at the sample item below.

#### Sample Item

Which of the following is an advantage of the questionnaire as a data collection method?

Sample Answer

- (A) Ease of administration
- (B) Immediacy of feedback
- (C) Openness of discussion
- (D) Opportunity for clarification

The best answer to this item is "Ease of administration", so (A) has been shaded.

- If you want to change your answer, erase it completely before you fill in your new choice.
- When you are told to begin, turn the page and work as quickly and as carefully as you can. If you
  cannot answer an item, go on to the next one. You may return to that item later.

#### DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

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#### SECTION A

# Items 1-7

Instructions: You will hear an extract. It will be read twice. Listen carefully before answering the questions based on the extract.

- Which of the following sentences captures 5. the MAIN idea of the extract?
  - (A) Ma was a superstitious character.
  - (B) The children were afraid of Ma's home.
  - (C) Ma's home was an exciting place to visit.
  - (D) The children were overworked at Ma's home.
- Which of the following is reasonably suggested in the passage?
  - (A) Ma was a market vendor.
  - (B) The narrator was from the city.
  - (C) Ma's land was like an enchanting country.
  - (D) The narrator lost sight of the sea due to darkness.
- The expression "she hacked away thick vines and annihilated whole bushes" reveals that Ma
  - (A) was a dangerous person
  - (B) did not care about nature
  - (C) was clumsy with the cutlass
  - (D) was efficient with the cutlass
- The reference to Brar Anancy and Brar Leopard is used in the passage to
  - (A) suggest the mystical nature of the land
  - (B) highlight how dangerous the land
  - (C) show that they grew up on Ma's
  - (D) keep persons from trespassing on the land

- The phrase "sudden little streams that must surely have been squabbling" is an example of
  - (A) simile
  - (B) paradox
  - (C) onomatopocia
  - (D) personification
- The expression "Ma bent under a bunch of plantains that was more than half her size" is an example of
  - (A) metaphor, suggesting Ma's size
  - (B) hyperbole, suggesting her strength
  - (C) personification, suggesting the size of the plantains
  - (D) alliteration, suggesting the heaviness of the load
- The quotation, "And every now and then
  we would lose sight of the sea and then it
  would come into sight again down between
  trees when you least expected to see it", is
  effective in conveying that
  - (A) the terrain was uneven
  - (B) they were on a high hill
  - (C) Ma's land was on the coast
  - (D) the land space was very vast

DO NOT WAIT FOR THE EXAMINER TO TELL YOU TO GO TO THE NEXT PAGE.

# SECTION B

### Items 8-11

Instructions: Read the following scenario carefully and then answer Items 8-11.

Meghan and Lucy are conducting research on the reading habits of teenagers in the 14-16 age group in their community. Lucy believes that all that is required is gathering information from a website she found on the Internet, but Meghan believes that they should examine other sources.

- 8. Which of the following would be the MAIN advantage if interviews are used as the method of data collection?
  - (A) Confidentiality of data
  - (B) Ease in processing the data gathered
  - (C) Ability to probe for further details
  - (D) Collection of primary and secondary data
- 9. Which of the following web addresses is NOT likely to provide the MOST credible information for this research?
  - (A) Readingteens.org
  - (B) Readingteens.com
  - (C) Readingteens.gov
  - (D) Readingteens.edu

- 10. What would be the MAIN advantage or benefit to the researcher with respect to Meghan's suggestion to consult other sources?
  - (A) Diminish the effects of bias
  - (B) Increase the validity of the data
  - (C) Provide more current information
  - (D) Greater coverage of research material
- Which of the following would be the MAIN activity that Meghan and Lucy engage in if they are conducting a survey?
  - (A) Creating and investigating a treatment group
  - (B) Diagnosing problems and finding solutions
  - (C) Gathering the sample's opinions and beliefs
  - (D) Obtaining detailed information on a member of the sample

# licms 12-15

# Instructions: Read the following scenario carefully and then answer Items 12-15.

# Extract 1

The resentment which threatened to overwhelm him in this tiny, dark, damp room with its scant mismatched furniture, suddenly began to fade. Komlin was now floating on a wave of expectancy. The beep-beep of the hom, for him, was the sweet sound of freedom from his pauper-like day into the brave, new world of education and advancement.

# Extract 2

Komlin McMain, the chief accountant at Mang and Associates, is a member of three voluntary children's assistance organizations. He strongly believes in helping children escape poverty, the crippling disease from which he was rescued.

- 12. Which of the following facts about Komlin is suggested by both passages?
  - (A) Komlin wanted to enjoy expensive things.
  - (B) Komlin made use of the opportunity he was given.
  - (C) He was once imprisoned but was later rescued.
  - (D) He moved from poverty to having a crippling disease.
- 13. Which of the following literary elements is used in BOTH extracts?
  - (A) Point of view shared
  - (B) Purpose conveyed
  - (C) Theme explored
  - (D) Setting evoked

- 14. Which of the following quotations represent opinions?
  - 1. "in this tiny, dark, damp room"
  - II. "is a member of three voluntary children's assistance organizations"
  - III. "believes in helping children escape poverty"
  - (A) I and II only
  - (B) I and III only
  - (C) II and III only
  - (D) I, II and III
- 15. Which of the following literary devices accurately identifies the expression "wave of expectancy"?
  - (A) Metaphor
  - (B) Paradox
  - (C) Oxymoron
  - (D) Personification

# Items 16 18

# Instructions: Read the following dialogue carefully and then answer Items 16-18.

Paul: Good morning, everyone. How are you today?

Samantha: Mi good Paul, although mi foot bottam a hat mi.

Brynn: Mi no feel good because Paul eva a try chat hoity toity, speaky spokey to wi an

mi no like it.

Paul: Bryan, I do not understand. We are all educated so we should be speaking Caribbean

Standard English and not some broken language.

Samantha: Yes mi educated but when mi a chat to mi fren dem mi no afi use Caribbean Standard

English; aftarawl mi naa do interview.

Bryan: Tru Samantha, plus mi naa speak no broken language. I am speaking Caribbean

Creole English.

- 16. When Bryan accuses Paul of speaking "hoity toity" in line 3, Bryan is suggesting that Paul is using language to
  - (A) assert authority
  - (B) show sophistication
  - (C) make social commentary
  - (D) discriminate against others
- 18. Which of the following speakers advocate using language as identification?
  - (A) Paul, Samantha and Bryan
  - (B) Samantha and Bryan
  - (C) Paul and Samantha
  - (D) Paul and Bryan
- 17. Which of the following factors would affect the dialectal varieties used by the various speakers in the scenario?
  - 1. Purpose
  - II. Occasion
  - III. Audience
  - (A) I and II only
  - (B) I and III only
  - (C) II and III only
  - (D) I, II and III



Instructions: Read the following extract from the poem and then answer Items 19-23.

"Sonny's Lettah"

From Prison, Jebb Avenue S.W. 2 Inglan

Dear Mama

Good day I hope that when these few lines Reach you they may Find you in the best of health I don't know how to tell yu dis For I did mek a solemn pramise To tek care a lickle Jim An try mi bes fi look out fi im. Mama, I really did try mi bes But none di less Sorry fi tell yu dat poor lickle Jim get arres It was de miggle a di rush hour When all of a sudden a police van pull up Out jump tree policeman De whole a dem carryin baton Dem walk straight up to mi and Jim One a dem hold on to Jim Seh dem tekin im in Jim tell im fi leggo a im For im nuh do nuttn And im nuh tief, not even a button Mama, I jus couldn stan up deh an nuh do nuttn

> Adapted from Linton Kwesi Johnson, "Sonny's Lettah" in The Spoken Word Revolution Redux edited by Mark Eleveld, Sourcebook Media Fusion, 2007.

- 19. "Out jump" is an example of which grammatical feature?
  - (A) Front focusing
  - (B) Predicative adjective
  - (C) Unmarked past tense
  - (D) Unmarked present tense
- The register used by the speaker in the poem may be described as
  - (A) frozen
  - (B) formal
  - (C) intimate
  - (D) consultative
- 21. Which of the following is the MAIN purpose for which the writer uses English Creole in the peom?
  - (A) Providing aesthetic pleasure to the reader
  - (B) Persuading readers to reject racism and social injustice
  - (C) Serving as a vehicle of easy communication between inmates
  - (D) Providing appropriate communication between family members

- 22. Sonny is MOST likely to be incarcerated in
  - (A) Jamaica
  - (B) England
  - (D) America
  - (C) Barbados
  - Based on the tone of the letter, the relationship between receiver and sender may be described as
  - (A) tense
  - (B) bitter
  - (C) cordial
  - (D) affectionate

### Items 24 and 25

Instructions: Read the following dialogue carefully and then answer Items 24 and 25,

"But see here, Miss Mary, you no think Cherry buck up the devil own self when she carrying her?"

Plenty time that happen you know. Remember that woman over Allside that born the pickney with two head. Praise Jesus it did born dead. But see here you did know one day she was going down river to wash clothes and is the devil own self she meet. Yes'm, Standing right there in her way She pop one big bawling before she faint web and when everybody run come not a soul see him. Is gone be gone. But you no know where he did gone? No right inside that gal. Right inna the belly. And Miss Mary, I telling you the living truth, just as the baby borning the midwife no see a shadow fly out of the mother and go right cross the room. She frighten so till she close her two eye tight and is so the devil escape."

"Well I don't know about that. Beecka certainly don't born with no two head or nothing wrong with her. Is just hard ears she hard ears."

"Den no so me saying?"

Adapted from Olive Senior, "Do Angels Wear Brassieres?" in Summer Lightning and Other Stories Longman Caribbean Writers, 1986, p. 68.

- 24. The speaker's question in the final sentence of the extract indicates that
  - (A) Miss Mary did not understand the speaker
  - (B) the speaker did not understand Miss Mary's statement
  - the speaker thinks Miss Mary is (C) saying the same thing
  - (D) the speaker and Miss Mary are in complete disagreement

- Which of the following points on the post-25. Creole language continuum are represented in the speech of the characters?
  - Basilect and acrolect only (A)
  - Basilect and mesolect only (B)
  - Mesolect and acrolect only (C)
  - Basilect, mesolect and acrolect (D)

### Items 26-30

# Instructions: Select the most appropriate answer for Items 26-30.

- 26. If a speaker changes his language use between Caribbean Standard English and Creole English during a conversation, he would be engaging in
  - (A) code mixing
  - (B) code switching
  - (C) semantic substitution
  - (D) semantic differentiation
- 27. Which of the following expressions BEST explains the meaning of the term 'lingua franca'?
  - (A) A language which is derived from French and used by African slaves
  - (B) Any language which is native to African peoples who have been transplanted
  - (C) A common language used in dialogue by persons with different native languages
  - (D) Any language which is foreign to a speaker who moves to a new speech community
- 28. Which of the following grammatical features is evident in the expression "Me ain't have no money"?
  - (A) Front focusing
  - (B) Double negative
  - (C) Preverbal marker
  - (D) Unmarked count noun

- 29. Which of the following purposes is NOT a likely reason for linguistic code-switching?
  - (A) Attempting to blend in
  - (B) Improving one's social status
  - (C) Gaining an economic advantage
  - (D) Alienating persons from the immediate speaking context
- 30. Which of the following features of language do Creole and Standard English have in common?
  - (A) Human and prestigious
  - (B) Systematic, arbitrary and static
  - (C) Human, systematic and noninstinctive
  - (D) Nonverbal, syntactic and noninstinctive

# Herma 31 35

- Which of the following is the MOST M. promoted reason for Caribbean speakers to be proficient in the use of standard languages?
  - (A) Unlike the official varieties, the Creole is not language.
  - (11) The Creole cannot carry messages in the same way standard varieties can.
  - (0) The standard language is easier to understand.
  - (0) Socioeconomic advancement is associated with the standard variety.
- 32. Which of the following technologies does NOT allow users to interface with Internet content?
  - (A) Compact disc (CD)
  - (B) Digital camera
  - Tablet computer (C)
  - (D) Multimedia projector
- Which of the following technologies 33. BEST allows an untrained person to create and present messages with multisensory appeal?
  - (A) Smart TV
  - (B) Digital camera
  - Multimedia projector (C)
  - Digital voice recorder (D)

- which of the following is NOT a constitution of the following is not constituted in the follo teristic of formal technical discourse 34
  - The tone is objective and ser (A)
  - The organization is clear, to (13) and coherent.
  - The language is simple (C) conversational,
  - There is a heavy content load (D) of thought and cogency,
- An example of vertical communication is a more 35. within an organization is a meeting of
  - store managers from differen (A) branches
  - store attendants from different (B) departments
  - heads of department from different (C) branches
  - managers and assistants from (D) different branches

# Items 36 and 37

# Instructions: Rend the following advertisement carefully and then answer Items 36 and 37,



- 36. The purpose of the shell on the beach in the advertisement is to
  - (A) share the diverse fauna of the islands
  - (B) suggest that the islands are a tropical escape
  - (C) serve as a universal symbol of tourism
  - (D) ensure that the composition is balanced

- The advertisement depicts a tranquil scene to suggest
  - (A) a carefree time for vacationers
  - (B) continuous sunny weather
  - (C) a peaceful local culture
  - (D) a hassle-free vacation

### Items 38 and 39

# Instructions: Select the most appropriate answer for Items 38 and 39.

- 38. The process by which messages are exchanged and meanings interpreted between the speaker and the audience is known as
  - (A) speech
  - (B) encoding
  - (C) decoding
  - (D) communication

- The MAIN point which a speaker make The MAIN pour a speech is known as the 39.
  - introduction (A)
  - supporting detail (B)
  - thesis statement (C)
  - purpose statement (D)

# nems 40-43

# Instructions: Select the most appropriate answer for Items 40-43.

- Which of the following introductory strategies would be MOST effective for a speaker whose audience is young and has a limited attention span?
  - (A) Definition
  - (B) Humorous story
  - (C) Riddle or paradox
  - (D) Rhetorical question
- 41. Which of the following would be the MAIN organizational strategy used in an expository essay on the topic "Types of luxury vehicles"?
  - (A) Description
  - (B) Classification
  - (C) Chronological order
  - (D) Comparison and contrast

- 42. For which of the following organizational patterns does a speaker start by discussing the least important idea and discussing the most important last?
  - (A) Space order
  - (B) Topical order
  - (C) Sequential order
  - (D) Ascending order
  - 43. Which of the following is the correct sequence that a presenter should follow to successfully complete the communication process?
    - (A) Encoding the message, selecting the channel, selecting the audience, disseminating the mes-
    - (B) Encoding the message, transmitting the message, selecting the channel, disseminating the message
    - (C) Conceiving the message, encoding the message, selecting the channel, disseminating the message
    - (D) Conceiving the message, interpreting the feedback, selecting the audience, disseminating the message

# Items 44 and 45

Instructions: Read the following scenario carefully and then answer Items 44 and 45.

A sixth-form class is practising to write expository essays. The students are using various features of exposition to guide their writing.

- 14. The students' expository essays should typically aim to
  - (A) affect the emotions
  - (B) recount experiences
  - (C) present their writer's viewpoint
  - (D) enlighten and instruct the reader
- 45. Which of the following organizational patterns would the students use in a presentation about the different types of flora and fauna found in a nature reserve.
  - (A) Cause and effect
  - (B) Classification
  - (C) Comparison/contrast
  - (D) Temporal sequencing